

### Reimagining transport in the West Midlands

a conversation about change

WMCA Greener
Together Forum –
Climate Change Adaptation

15<sup>th</sup> June 2024

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Manager

## West Midlands Combined Authority West Midlands







'Building a better connected, more prosperous, fairer, greener and healthier West Midlands'

## **About TfWM**



We are the local transport authority for the West Midlands metropolitan area

Precursors - since 1969







## The transport arm of the **WMCA**

Produce a statutory Local Transport Plan (LTP)

Coordinate public transport services & assets

Concurrent powers on **Key Route** Network







### Partnership brands















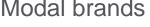




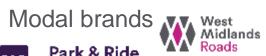
















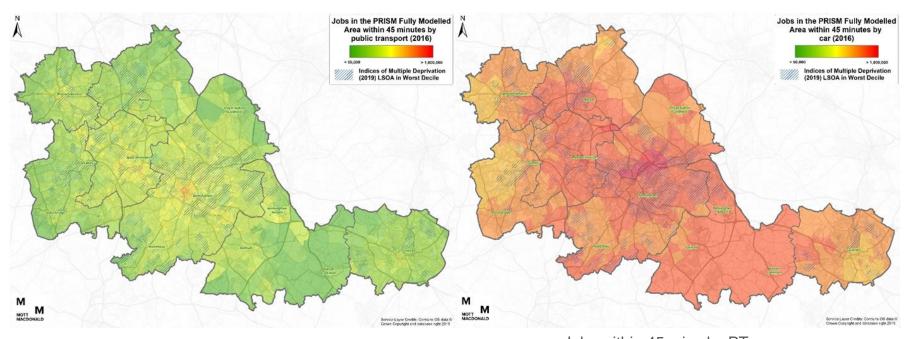


We have ambitions around building a better connected, more prosperous, fairer, greener and healthier West Midlands.

Transport is key to enabling this.

### **Challenges – Accessibility**





63% of West
Midlands journey
are made by car,
and many of them
single occupancy.

**85% of journeys** are not made to our city centres.

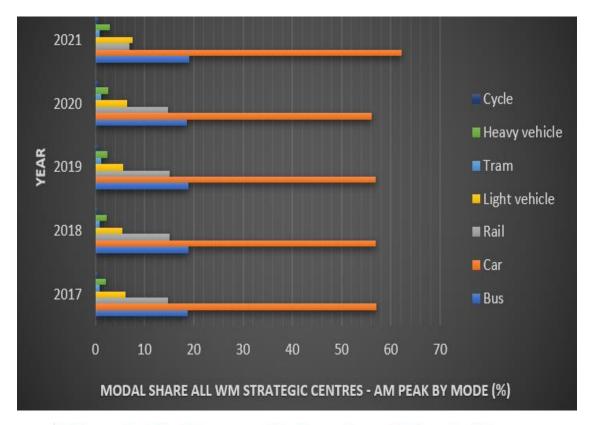
Jobs within 45 mins by car

Jobs within 45 mins by PT

People with cars can access more than those without.

Most West Midlands residents could access more than double the job opportunities within 45 minutes of where they live with a car than without a car.

27% of households have no access to a car.



## 'People feel scared about walking': the cost of car culture in Birmingham

After pedestrian deaths and assaults on traffic wardens, a city designed for motorists is fighting for change





#### Traffic and Travel

# The number of bus services drops in Birmingham the West Midlands to all time low, new data shows

By Andrew Dowdeswell, Data Reporter
Published 22nd May 2024, 06:02 BST

The Department for Transport data shows that the number of bus and coach services in the West Midlands has slumped to an all time low

Campaigners are urging the Government to work with local authorities and bus operators to expand and improve **bus services**.

The call comes as new data shows the number of services has dropped to an all time low in the West Midlands.

Midlands borough among UK's 'unhealthiest places' where 7 in 10 are 'too fat'

## **Challenges - Cost of Living**

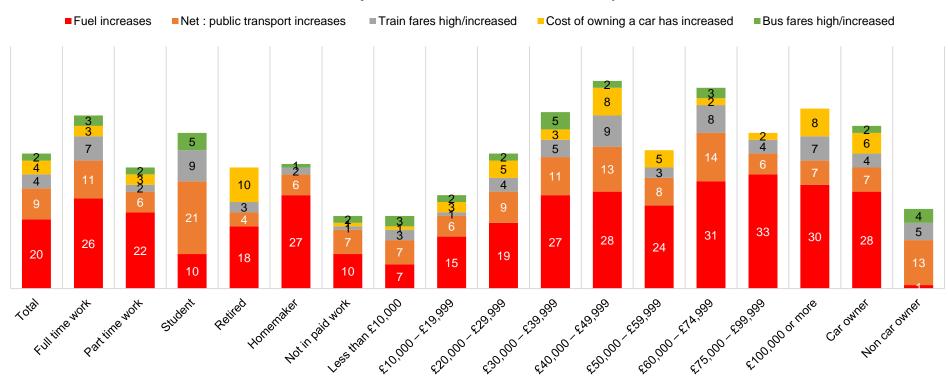


In terms of behaviour change two thirds were spending less on non essential items, half had changed the frequency/way they travel or were using less fuel at home

As a result of the cost of living over two fifths had cut back on non essential travel, while a quarter were using the car less and walking more.

The main reason for transport costs increasing was the rising costs of fuel, with this impacting more affluent groups and car owners

#### % Affected By Increases In Fuel And Public Transport Costs



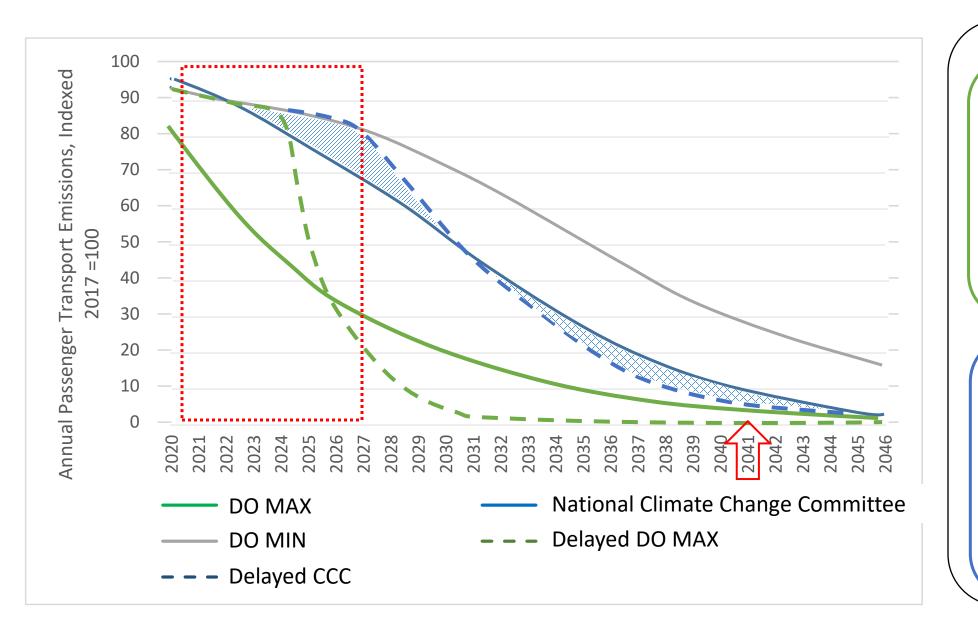
## ECONOMIC COST IS SIGNIFICANT:

After housing, transport is the next biggest household cost.

23% of ALL households struggled with their usual bills in '22, spending less on non-essential items by 71%

Question: Please describe in what ways your transport costs have increased? Base 1143 respondents % exceed 100 due to multiple responses: NB: the figure for net public transport costs includes codes for higher increased bus fares /rail fares/metro fare/public transport in general

## **Challenges – Decarbonisation**





### By 2031 under...

### WM2041

- ➤ **36%** reduction car travel distance
- ➤ 50% reduction in shopping trip distance
- 100% increase in PT
- > 700% cycling increase
- > 5-6 yr Acceleration in EV uptake

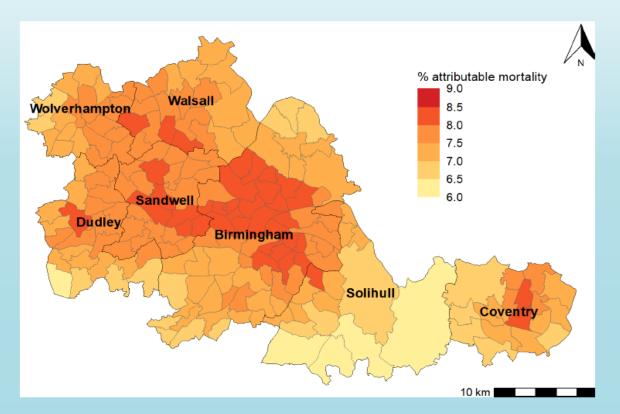
### National 2050

- 9% reduction car travel distance
- ➤ 30% reduction in shopping trip distance
- > 30% increase in PT
- > **175%** cycling increase
- ➤ **1 yr** Acceleration in EV uptake

## **Challenges – Air Quality**



## Percentage of early deaths attributable to air pollution at ward level in the WMCA (2019)

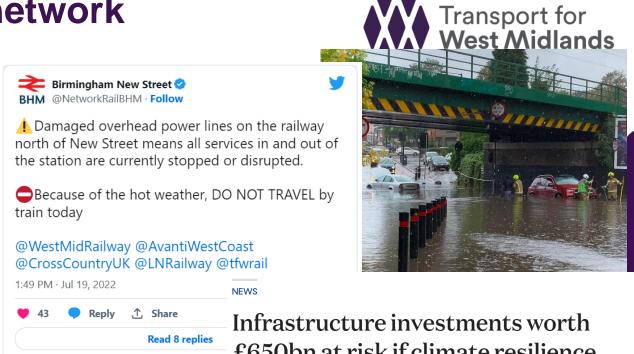






## Challenges – Ensuring a resilient network





£650bn at risk if climate resilience neglected

By Daniel Gayne | 5 July 2022

Environment Agency chair calls for Treasury review on issue

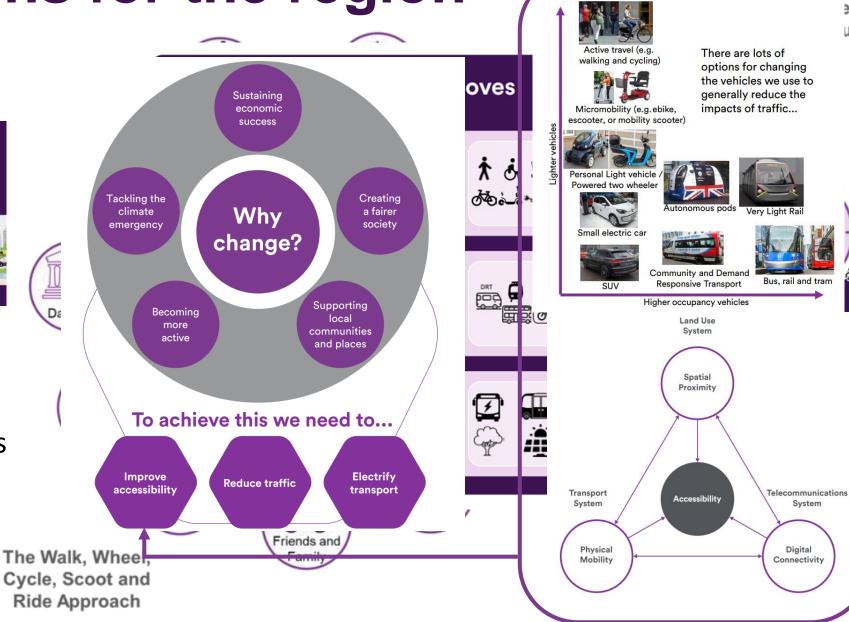
Nearly £650bn of public and private infrastructure investment planned by 2030 are at runless climate impacts are factored into planning and delivery.

IMATE

UK insurers set to pick up £219mn subsidence claims bill from 2022 heatwaye Our ambitions for the region



Check out
tfwm.org.uk/wmltp5
for all your wmltp5 needs



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## **Current scale of our impacts**



### Where were we aiming (by early-mid 2030s)

Half of all urban trips by active modes

10-35% reduction vkm

10-35% reduction CO2/vkm

### What's our schemes' impacts (relative to a do nothing future in early 2030s)

### **Accessibility**

- ~2% increase in distances cycled
- ~3% increase in PT trips

### **Reduce Traffic**

• ~0.6% reduction in car trips

### What's going to push us back

• Bus frequencies dropped by 33.2% from 2010-2023

 Vehicle miles could increase by 5-12% from 2025-2035

### **Electrify Transport**

	Current public chargers		2030 public chargers (projecte d need)		Additio nal char gers ne
	Total	Per 100 ,000 po p.	Total	Per 100 ,000 po p.	eded
West Mi dlands ( met. area)	2,500	90	14,300	460	11,800
Birming ham	500	50	5,100	430	1,800

Reimagining Transport in the West

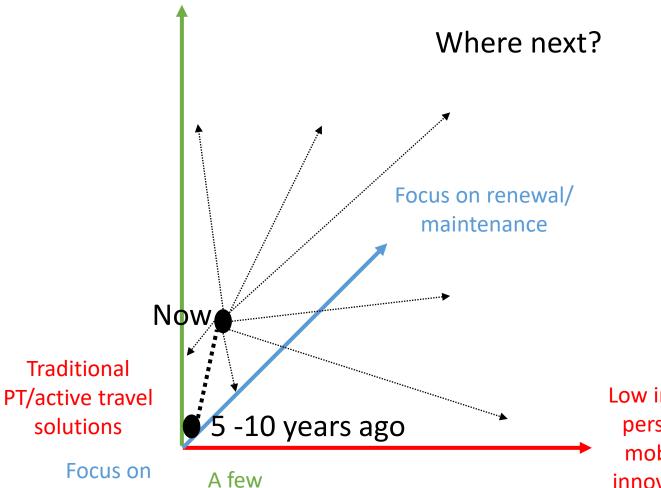
Midlands Many low-cost

enhancement

expensive

corridors

interventions across region



Low impact personal mobility innovation



Transport for West Midlands





## **Emerging Delivery 2027-2030+**

Transport for West Midlands

**Behaviour Change** 

Accessible & Inclusive Places

Public Transport & Shared Mobility

Walk, Wheel, Cycle and Scoot

A Safe, Efficient and Reliable Network

A Green Transport Revolution

### Delivery

- Mobility
   Hubs/shared
   mobility offers
   (subject to
   business case)
- Further Swift
   Smart
   Ticketing/MaaS
   Upgrade
- Incentivisation Programmes

- HS2 Growth infrastructure
- Infrastructure and services needed to support placebased strategies, LUZ, EZs etc.
- Outcome of bus delivery options work could have a significant impact on future funding. If a franchising option was selected funding could be needed for new vehicles, depots, charging/fuelling facilities
- In any scenario, funding to stabilise the network will be essential in this period.
- Further bus priority corridors
- LTP Rapid Transit corridors including Hagley Rd, East B'ham/North Solihull Corridor, Walsall/Stourbridge.
- Rail scheme development

- Completion of CRSTS 1 corridor schemes
- LCWIP priority routes
- Further investment in infrastructure to support walking

- Significant need for additional maintenance across a range of highway assets;
  - Road surface and potholes.
  - Pavements and active travel
  - Traffic signal technology
  - Structures
- Road safety measures in line with regional strategy
- Public Transport Infrastructure asset renewal
- Climate adaptation

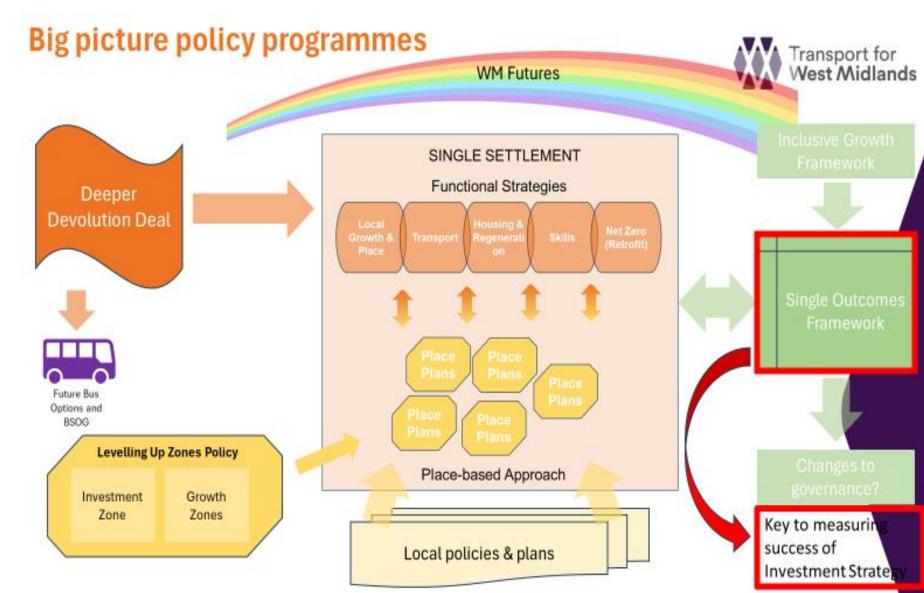
- Further EV and alternative fuels infrastructure for both personal and commercial uses
- Additional Ultra Rapid Charging Transit Station

# Devolution and Single Settlement will help us to deliver





Memorandum of Understanding for the Single Settlements with Greater Manchester and West Midlands Combined Authorities



November 2023





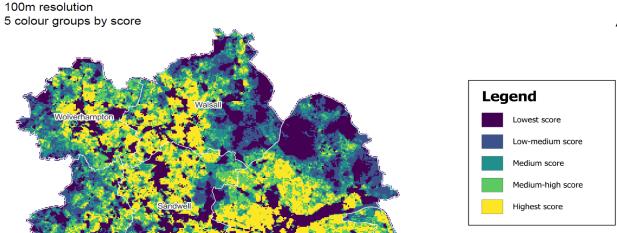




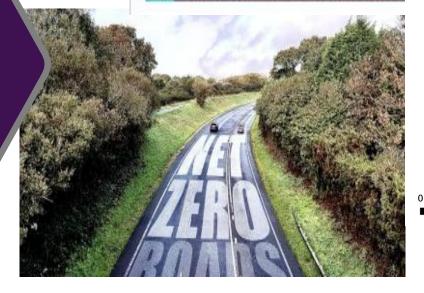


Climate risk and vulnerability scores for the West Midlands
100m resolution

20 km



Regional Transport Coordination Centre



**Decarbonising Local Roads** 

WMCA\_CRVA\_100m\_5bins
This is a draft and may be subject to change



## The cost of adaptation...?

- Nationally the value of the national maintenance backlog is estimated to be in the region of £14bn.
- Regionally we think this could be in the ball park of £500m to bring everything up to standard.
- Future planning of transport infrastructure will need to involve an assessment of whether the costs of adaptation are higher or lower than the avoided costs of disruption and the indirect benefits of adaptation.
- The costs of not adapting could also be significant not just in terms of infrastructure but wider impacts on people, places and the economy.





## JOURNEYS FOR EVERYONE























